

KEEPING OUR KIDS SAFE

Abuse Prevention Policies and Procedures Employee and Volunteer Manual YMCA OF GREATER BIRMINGHAM



Dear YMCA Staff and Volunteers,

At the YMCA of Greater Birmingham, nothing matters more than the safety and well-being of the children and teens entrusted to our care. This responsibility is sacred. As President and CEO, I want to reaffirm our unwavering commitment to child abuse prevention and our zero-tolerance policy for any form of abuse in our programs, facilities, or events.

Our mission calls us to build a healthy spirit, mind, and body for all. That mission cannot exist without a culture of trust and protection. Parents, guardians, and the community place profound trust in us, and every staff member and volunteer plays an essential role in honoring that trust.

Abuse prevention is not just a policy-it is a daily practice and a shared responsibility. Each of us is called to stay alert, to follow our procedures, and to create environments where every child feels safe, valued, and supported. When we do this well, we not only prevent harm but also open the door for young people to learn, grow, and thrive.

I ask each of you to join me in upholding the highest standards of care, accountability, and vigilance. Together, we ensure that the YMCA remains a place where every child can experience belonging, joy, and opportunity.

Thank you for your dedication to this work and for living out our mission through your actions every day.

Sincerely,

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Chad Zaucha President/CEO

POLICIES

Zero Tolerance Policy

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham has zero tolerance for abuse and will not tolerate the mistreatment or abuse of children and teens (including minor staff) in its programs. Any mistreatment or abuse by an employee or volunteer will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment or volunteer service and cooperation with local law enforcement and the Department of Human Resources. **Minor staff is defined as any YMCA employee who is under the age of 19.

Prohibiting the Abuse or Mistreatment of One Child/Teen by Another Child/Teen

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham has zero tolerance for abuse, mistreatment, or sexual activity among children and teens (including minor staff) within the organization. We are committed to providing all with a safe environment. We will not tolerate the mistreatment or abuse of one child/teen by another. Conduct by children or teens that rises to the level of abuse, mistreatment, or sexual activity will result in intervention or disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from the program.

In addition, our organization will not tolerate any behavior classified under the definition of bullying. To the extent that such actions are disruptive, the organization will take the necessary steps to eliminate such behavior. Bullying is aggressive behavior that is intentional, is repeated over time, and involves an imbalance of power or strength. Bullying can take on various forms, including:

- 1. **Physical bullying** when one person engages in physical force against another person, such as by hitting, punching, pushing, kicking, pinching, or restraining another.
- 2. **Verbal bullying** when someone uses their words to hurt another, such as being derogatory or calling others hurtful names.
- 3. **Nonverbal or relational bullying** when one person manipulates a relationship or desired relationship to harm another person. This includes social exclusion, friendship manipulation, or gossip. This type of bullying also includes intimidating another person by using gestures.
- 4. **Cyberbullying** the intentional and overt act of aggression toward another person by way of any technological tool, such as email, instant messages, text messages, digital pictures or images, social media, and website postings (including blogs). Cyberbullying can involve:
 - a. Sending mean, vulgar, or threatening messages or images
 - b. Posting sensitive, private information about another person
 - c. Pretending to be someone else to make that person look bad
 - d. Intentionally excluding someone from an online group
- 5. **Hazing** an activity expected of someone joining or participating in a group that humiliates, degrades, abuses, or endangers that person regardless of that person's willingness to participate.
- 6. **Sexualized bullying** when bullying involves behaviors that are sexual. Examples of sexualized bullying behaviors include sexting, bullying that involves exposure to private body parts, and verbal bullying involving sexualized language or innuendos.

Anyone who sees an act of bullying and who then encourages it is engaging in bullying. This policy applies to all youth, parents, employees, and volunteers.

Requiring Annual Review of Organizational Policies

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham will review existing abuse prevention policies annually to:

- 1. Ensure the purpose and goal of the policy is still relevant
- 2. Determine whether a policy should be combined with another policy or rescinded.
- 3. Determine if the policy is up to date with current laws
- 4. Determine whether changes are required to improve the effectiveness or clarity of the policy and/or procedure.

Once a policy (or policies) has been identified for review, the policy owner or department responsible for enforcement will:

- 1. Develop a draft update in consultation with relevant stakeholders.
- 2. Review the draft with relevant stakeholders for relevance, clarity, and effectiveness.
- 3. Submit the draft policy for review by Senior Leaders and assigned board committee.
- 4. Once Senior Leads and the designated board committee have reviewed and edited the policy, submit the final version to the Executive Committee for approval.
- 5. Human Resources will update policies in our employee documents once the Association Board approves.
- 6. This organization will communicate all policy changes to employees, volunteers, children and teens, and parents/guardians through written or electronic methods.

Requiring Written Communication of Policy Changes & Training

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham will communicate changes to organizational policy manuals and procedures in writing within seven (7) days of the change. The organization will determine an official mode of communication and use that to communicate any changes to policy or procedures. The organization will communicate changes to children, teens, and parents/guardians.

Any training necessary to effectuate policy or procedure changes will be assigned to relevant employees and volunteers and is expected to be completed as soon as practicable.

EMPLOYEE AND VOLUNTEER TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Abuse Prevention Training

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham requires that all employees and high-access volunteers are trained on the following foundational abuse prevention topics before having access to children and teens:

- 1. The organization's policies related to preventing and responding to abuse
- 2. How to maintain appropriate boundaries with children and teens (including minor staff).
- 3. Definitions of abuse, facts about sexual abuse
- 4. Types of offenders and how offenders operate
- 5. How abuse happens in organizations
- 6. How to prevent false allegations
- 7. Mandatory reporting requirements

Employees and High Access Volunteers will also receive training on the following before having access to children and teens:

- 1. High-risk circumstances for boundary violations
- 2. How to recognize red-flag behaviors and boundary violations
- 3. How to recognize and respond to suspicious or inappropriate behaviors and policy violations (red flag behaviors)
- 4. How to recognize and respond to suspicions or allegations of abuse
- 5. Effective monitoring and supervision

All employees and high-access volunteers will receive this training upon hire or before having access to children and teens. This training will need to be completed annually.

Supervisors must complete additional training in effective staff supervision practices related to abuse risk management within 30 days of employment. Training topics will include:

- 1. Overview of the supervisor's role in abuse prevention
- 2. Supervision strategies that can reduce risk
- 3. Importance of having increased presence and observation of programs
- 4. Using teaching moments in supervision.
- 5. How do we respond to boundary violations, inappropriate interactions, or policy violations
- 6. Creating a culture for responding and reporting
- 7. Steps to take when reports are made.

Supervisors who fail to meet training requirements are subject to our progressive discipline policy, which may include probation or termination of employment.

Annual Abuse Prevention Training

Annual abuse prevention training refreshes previously learned concepts and provides additional knowledge and skills to enhance employees' and volunteers' ability to protect children and teens. All training sections must be completed before working or volunteering with children and teens. Employees and volunteers must also review and sign a copy of the YMCA Abuse Prevention Policies and Procedures annually.

All employees are responsible for annually completing training on the following concepts:

- 1. The organization's policies for preventing and responding to abuse;
- 2. How to maintain appropriate boundaries with children and teens (including minor staff); and
- 3. Additional topics that contribute to employee and volunteers' skills and knowledge related to abuse prevention.
- 4. Supervisors will complete additional training in effective staff supervision practices related to abuse risk management annually.

Failure to complete the required training will result in disciplinary actions up to and including termination. The YMCA keeps documentation of training records for all employees and high-access volunteers.

INTERACTIONS WITH CHILDREN AND TEENS

<u>Managing One-on-One Interactions Between Adult Employees, Minor Employees, Volunteers, Children/Teens</u>

One-on-one interactions may occur **ONLY** under **authorized circumstances**. In those situations where one-on-one interactions are authorized, employees and volunteers should observe the following guidelines to limit the risk of abuse or false allegations of abuse:

- 1. Meet in a public place where you are in full view of others.
- 2. Avoid physical affection during one-on-one interactions. If unavoidable, ensure physical and verbal interactions align with this organization's established policies and are limited to the task at hand.
- 3. If you are meeting in a room or office, leave the door open or move to an area where others can easily observe you.
- 4. Inform other employees and volunteers that you are alone with a child and encourage them to drop in or pass by the interaction randomly.
- 5. To the greatest extent possible, ensure that one-on-one interactions occurring behind closed doors are scheduled in advance or communicated with the supervisor.
- 6. Ensure one-on-one interactions are documented, especially if behind closed doors. Keep documentation of these meetings (such as in a shared calendar, case notes, etc.).
- 7. Document and immediately report any unusual incidents, including disclosures of abuse or maltreatment, behavior problems and how they were handled, injuries, or any interactions that might be misinterpreted.

<u>Managing Interactions between Adult Employees, Minor Employees, Volunteers, and Children/Teens</u> Outside the Organization

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham prohibits outside contact between employees and volunteers with children and teens (including minor staff) they meet through YMCA programs. Any exceptions require a written explanation before the fact and are subject to administrator approval. Any pre-existing relationship should be communicated to their direct supervisor.

Contact outside regularly scheduled program activities include:

- 1. Babysitting arrangements
- 2. Tutoring
- 3. Private lessons/coaching
- 4. Mentorship
- 5. Online contact through social media, texting, email, or gaming
- 6. Social interactions between employees' or volunteers' children and children served by the organization:
 - a. Playdates and birthday parties
 - b. Sleepovers
 - c. Overnight trips and vacations
 - d. Rides to/from the organization or extracurricular activities and events
- 7. Continued contact with children and teens after a consumer's participation in a program has ended

Gift-Giving Policy

Molesters routinely groom youths by giving gifts, endearing them to the youth. They might instruct the youth to keep the gifts a secret, which then starts teaching the youth to keep secrets from their parents. For this reason, staff and volunteers should only give gifts to groups (i.e., the entire class) of youth, and only under the following circumstances:

- 1. Administration must be made aware of and approve the gift.
- 2. Parents must be notified.
- 3. Food gifts must follow food safety guidelines for those sensitive to food allergies.

Appropriate and Inappropriate Physical Contact

Our physical contact policy promotes a nurturing environment while protecting children and teens, employees, and volunteers. The YMCA of Greater Birmingham encourages appropriate physical contact with children and teens(including minor staff) and prohibits inappropriate displays of physical contact. Any inappropriate physical contact by employees or volunteers towards children, teens or minor staff in the organization's programs will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

The YMCA of Greater Birmingham's policies for appropriate and inappropriate physical interactions include but are not limited to:

Appropriate Physical Interactions	Inappropriate Physical Interactions	
 Side hugs Shoulder-to-shoulder or "temple" hugs Pats on the shoulder or back Handshakes High-fives and hand-slapping Pats on the head when culturally appropriate Touching hands, shoulders, and arms Arms around shoulders Holding hands (with young children in escorting situations or working with children with unique needs) 	 Showing affection in isolated areas or while one-on-one Lap sitting Wrestling Piggyback rides Tickling Allowing a consumer to cling to an employee's or volunteer's leg Allowing children and teens older than kindergarten to sit on an employee or volunteer's lap Any type of massage given by or to a consumer outside of accepted and documented medical treatment Any form of affection that is unwanted by the consumer or the employee or volunteer Touching bottom, chest, or genital areas that are outside authorized and documented personal care assistance 	

Defining Appropriate and Inappropriate Verbal Interactions

Employees and volunteers are prohibited from speaking to children and teens in a way that is or could be construed by any observer as harsh, coercive, threatening, intimidating, shaming, derogatory, demeaning, or humiliating. Employees and volunteers must not initiate sexually oriented conversations with children and teens (including minor staff). Employees and volunteers are not permitted to discuss their own sexual activities with children and teens (including minor staff).

Our organization's policies for appropriate and inappropriate verbal interactions include but are not limited to:

Appropriate Verbal Interactions	Inappropriate Verbal Interactions	
 Positive reinforcement Appropriate jokes Encouragement Praise 	 Name-calling Discussing sexual encounters or in any way involving children and teens in the personal problems or issues of employees and volunteers Secrets Cursing Off-color or sexual jokes Shaming, belittling Derogatory remarks Harsh language that may frighten, threaten, or humiliate children and teens Derogatory comments about the consumer or their family Compliments relating to physique or body development 	

RESPONDING AND REPORTING

Mandatory Reporting Requirements for Employees and Volunteers

All employees and volunteers must follow Alabama-mandated reporter Laws. Employees and volunteers must be trained to be aware of and understand their legal and ethical obligation to recognize and report suspicions of mistreatment and abuse. Employees and volunteers will:

- 1. Be familiar with the symptoms of abuse and neglect, including physical, sexual, verbal, and emotional abuse
- 2. Know and follow organization policies and procedures that protect against abuse
- 3. Report suspected abuse or neglect to the appropriate authorities, as state-mandated reporter laws require
- 4. Follow up to ensure that proper action has been taken.

Employees and volunteers will read and sign the Code of Conduct, documenting the employee's or volunteer's understanding of the legal and ethical duty to report suspected mistreatment or abuse.

The YMCA will protect the confidentiality of anyone who reports allegations or disclosures of abuse or other violations of law or policy to the extent possible under the law.

Cooperation with Investigations

Our organization takes every allegation of abuse or misconduct seriously. It will fully cooperate with the authorities (law enforcement, DHR) to investigate all alleged abuse or misconduct cases. Employees and volunteers shall cooperate with any external investigation by outside authorities or internal investigation conducted by the organization or persons given investigative authority by the organization.

Cooperation with investigations includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Promptly acknowledging and responding to requests for information;
- 2. Making oneself available for meetings with investigating officials;
- 3. Providing full, accurate, and truthful information;
- 4. Keeping information confidential, whether learned or transmitted during the investigation, unless directed by legal authorities and
- 5. Preserving relevant information and documents.

An employee's or volunteer's failure to cooperate with an investigation will result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

Reporting of Red Flag or Inappropriate Behaviors and Policy Violations

If employees or volunteers observe red flags, inappropriate behaviors, or policy violations by other employees or volunteers, it is their professional and personal responsibility to report their observations immediately per the organization's reporting procedures. All adult employees and volunteers are mandated reporters under State Law and the Safe Sports Act of 2018. The YMCA of Greater Birmingham requires all employees (including minors) and volunteers to make reports to their supervisor, and failure to do so may be grounds for termination. **Remember, at our organization, the policies apply to everyone.** The following are examples of red flags or inappropriate behaviors that all employees and volunteers must report:

- 1. Any violation of the organization's abuse prevention policies
- 2. Using inappropriate touch or verbal interactions
- 3. Seeking unauthorized private time or one-on-one time with a child or teen (including minor staff)
- 4. Seeing or visiting with a child or teen (including minor staff) outside of scheduled programming
- 5. Buying gifts for individual children or teens (including minor staff)
- 6. Sending unauthorized electronic communications through text messaging, social media, online gaming, etc., violates the organization's electronic communication policy.

- 7. Making suggestive comments to a child or teen (including minor staff)
- 8. Showing favoritism towards a child or teen or type of child or teen (including minor staff)
- 9. Child or teen (including minor staff) disclosing that employee or volunteer makes them feel uncomfortable

Employee and Volunteer Response

All reports of suspicious or inappropriate behavior with a child or teen (including minor staff) will be taken seriously. Our procedures will be carefully followed to protect the rights of all those involved. If an employee or volunteer witnesses suspicious or inappropriate behaviors or policy violations from another employee or volunteer, the individual is instructed to do the following:

- 1. Interrupt the behavior and remind the employee or volunteer of the rules.
- 2. Report the behavior to a supervisor, director, or other authority.
- 3. If you are uncomfortable making the report directly, make it anonymously.
- 4. Contact the next management level if the report concerns a supervisor or administrator.
- 5. Complete an internal report, but do not conduct an investigation.

Supervisor and Director Response

If a supervisor or an administrator receives a report of suspicious or inappropriate behaviors or policy violations from an employee, volunteer, child, teen, or parent/guardian, the supervisor is instructed to do the following:

- 1. Report to the next-level supervisor or administrator following the reporting tree for incidents. All reports should be made to the Vice President of Youth Development.
- 2. Speak with the employee or volunteer who has been reported
- 3. Review the employee or volunteer file to determine if similar complaints were reported.
- 4. Determine the appropriate response based on the report.
 - a. Take into consideration factors such as:
 - i. Context of the red flag, inappropriate behavior, or policy violation;
 - ii. The severity of red flags, inappropriate behavior, or policy violations;
 - iii. History of red-flag or inappropriate behaviors or policy violations; and
 - iv. Trainability of employee or volunteer.
- 5. Document the report, but do not investigate or interview.
- 6. If, at any point in gathering information about a report of red flags or inappropriate behavior, a concern arises about possible abuse, contact the appropriate Senior Level employee for the next steps in making a report to DHR or the police.
- 7. If appropriate, notify parents/guardians.
- 8. Advise the person who reported the behavior that the report is being taken seriously.

Organization Response

- 1. Increase monitoring or supervision of the employees, volunteers, or programs.
- 2. If policy violations with youth are confirmed, the employee or volunteer must be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination and prosecution. Disciplinary action will follow the Progressive Disciplinary Process outlined in this manual.
- 3. If more information is needed, interview and/or survey other employees, volunteers, or youth.
- 4. Offer resources to promote healing for affected individuals, which may include counseling;
- 5. The CEO is the only person allowed to speak to the media on behalf of the YMCA.
- 6. Alert others in the organization. With legal guidance, the HR Director and CEO/COO will determine who, how, and when to alert others in the organization.

Responding to Suspected Child Abuse by an Adult:

If there is a case of suspected abuse or neglect of a child or teen (including minor staff), the employee or volunteer must report this immediately to his/her supervisor. This includes whether the suspected abuse occurred on or off the organization's property and whether employees, volunteers, or others perpetrated it. All employees and volunteers are "mandatory reporters," as Alabama state law requires. Reports may be made confidentially or anonymously. A person who mistakenly reports suspected abuse is immune from civil or criminal liability as long as the report was made in good faith and without malice.

Employee and Volunteer Response

- 1. In the event of a visual observation, immediately interrupt the behavior.
- 2. Assure the individual disclosing the information that he or she was correct to tell you.
- 3. Report the behavior to a supervisor or director immediately. If the report concerns a supervisor or director, contact the next management level.
- 4. The director will notify their supervisor. Notify the Vice President of Youth Development immediately.
- 5. Document the incident, disclosure, or any circumstances causing your suspicion of abuse according to incident reporting and documentation requirements. State only the facts.
- 6. It is not your job to investigate the incident, but it is your job to report the incident to your supervisor promptly.

Supervisors and Administrators' Response

- 1. First, determine if the child or teen is still in danger. If so, immediately prevent further harm; notify proper authorities immediately. (DHR and local police)
- 2. Gather as much information about the allegation as you can. For example, who made the report, who was allegedly abused, who was the alleged abuser, what was the nature of the alleged abuse, where and when did the alleged abuse occur, etc.
- 3. Notify the Vice President of Youth Development.
- 4. Accurately record everything you learn in as much detail as possible. Remember, others may read your notes. Stick to the facts.
- 5. Make the report to DHR. Reports must be made to the local office where the child lives, not where the alleged abuse occurs. It's preferred that a director-level employee makes all reports, but all employees can make a report at any time.
- 6. If the alleged abuse involves an employee or volunteer, notify Human Resources and Chief Operating Officer immediately.
- 7. Report to any applicable external licensing or governing bodies (DHR for licensed programs)
- 8. Suspend the accused employee or volunteer until the investigation is completed.
- 9. Ensure the child or teen's parents/quardians are notified (when applicable).
- 10. Deploy communication plan.
- 11. Provide resources for victims, families, and other stakeholders.

Organization Response

Based on the information gathered, the following may be required:

- 1. Review the need for additional supervision.
- 2. Review the need for revised policies or procedures.
- 3. Review the need for additional training.
- 4. Offer resources to promote healing for affected individuals, including counseling.

- 5. Alert others in the organization. The HR Director and CEO will work through who, how, and when to alert others with legal guidance.
- 6. The CEO is the only person allowed to speak to the media on behalf of the YMCA.

Youth-to-Youth Interactions

Youth-to-youth inappropriate behaviors can include inappropriate touching, exposing body parts, using sexualized language, making threats of sexual activity, engaging in sexual activity, aggressive physical contact, making threats of aggressive physical contact, cyberbullying, relational bullying (excluding or rumor spreading), name-calling, and similar types of interactions. Bullying is determined by these three characteristics: intentionality, repetition, and power imbalance.

Employee and Volunteer Response

- 1. If you observe inappropriate or inappropriate behaviors is reported between youth, you should immediately separate them.
- 2. If you are told about the abuse, assure the individual who disclosed it that he or she was correct to tell you.
- 3. Calmly explain that such interactions are not permitted and separate the youth.
- 4. Notify your direct supervisor.
- 5. Complete the necessary documentation, including what you observed and how you responded.
- 6. Do not attempt to determine whether the consumer's behavior was "sexual curiosity." There is no standard definition of what normal sexual curiosity looks like. An external body, such as law enforcement, utilizes criteria to investigate and determine whether the consumer's behavior is sexual curiosity.

Supervisor and Director Response

- 1. Follow the incident reporting tree and notify the Vice President of Youth Development.
- 2. Meet with the employee or volunteer who reported the sexual activity to gather additional information.
- 3. Confirm that the youth involved have been separated and under increased supervision.
- 4. Review the incident report to confirm it is accurately and thoroughly completed.
- 5. Meet with parents/quardians of the children and teens involved (when applicable).
- 6. Review the immediate steps taken by the employee or volunteer who initially responded.
- 7. Make a report to the local DHR office where the children live.
- 8. Determine what additional actions should be taken to ensure there is not a recurrence.
- 9. In some cases, consumer behavior can be managed through a safety or behavior management plan.
- 10. Ensure transparent, compassionate, and confidential communication on an ongoing basis with affected individuals.
- 11. Develop a written corrective action or follow-up plan for the incident.

Organization Response

- 1. Assess the suitability of the program for the children and teens involved.
- 2. Review the need for additional children/teen or program supervision
- 3. Review the need for revised policies or procedures
- 4. Review the need for additional employee or volunteer training
- 5. Offer resources to promote healing for affected individuals, including counseling
- 6. Alert others in the organization. The HR Director and CEO will work through who, how, and when to alert others with legal guidance.

7. The CEO is the only person allowed to speak to the media on behalf of the YMCA.

Internal Review Procedures

If there is a report or incident of inappropriate behaviors, policy violations, or suspected abuse, the Vice President of Youth Development will be responsible for conducting an internal review or investigation of the circumstances surrounding the allegation or incident of abuse.

In the case of potential sexual abuse, the organization will conduct an internal review only after reporting to the civil authorities. If the authorities conduct an investigation, the organization will cooperate fully with them and will not take any steps that may interfere with said investigation.

The following steps will be taken during the internal review process:

- 1. Define the problem.
 - a. Identify the Who, What, When, and Where.
- 2. Gather all information and data surrounding the problem.
 - a. Review the Incident
 - b. Review Documentation
 - c. Interview Key Individuals
 - d. Review Policies
 - e. Review Training Curriculum
- 3. Perform the Analysis and determine the root cause(s).
 - a. Ask Why?
 - b. What are the system-wide causes that allowed the incident to occur?
- 4. Identify Corrective Action—recommendations to stop the recurrence of the problem in the future.
 - a. What operation(s) in Praesidium's Safety Equation was deficient?
 - b. What best practice standards can be put in place to prevent a recurrence?
 - c. What are the resources needed to implement the best practice standard?
 - d. How are we going to implement and ensure compliance?
- 5. Create a report to document your findings and corrective actions.
- 6. Implement the necessary solutions.

Additional Guidelines for Employees Conducting Internal Reviews:

- 1. The employee will advise any interviewees that he/she represents the organization and that conversations with the employee are not subject to attorney/client privilege.
- 2. The employee will strive to maintain the rights of all concerned.
- 3. If the internal review results in additional information suggesting sexual abuse has occurred, the civil authorities shall be re-contacted. A follow-up report will be submitted if requested.

Cell Phone Policy

Employees and volunteers may bring personal electronic communication devices to work, but these devices must not be in view or used when the individual is expected to be supervising consumers. Program leadership may establish exceptions to this requirement, including during approved breaks and/or emergency situations. Internet use, text messaging, and/or emailing consumers are subject to the requirements defined in this organization's electronic communication and social media policy. Failure to adhere to the policy will result in progressive discipline.

Acceptable use of cell phones during program hours

Employees and volunteers must occasionally use official personal or organizational-issued electronic communication devices. Employees and volunteers will have explicit direction from supervisors governing use in these cases. Situations that may require the use of personal or organization-issued electronic communication devices include:

- 1. Field Trips
- 2. Off-site Programs
- 3. Emergencies
- 4. Taking pictures of programs (when requested by supervisor)

Acknowledgement Statement

I have read and agree to comply with the YMCA of Greater Birmingham's abuse prevention policies, Code of Conduct and youth protections standards.

I understands that I have a legal and ethical duty to report suspected mistreatment or abuse.

I understand that I must fully cooperate with a so may be grounds for termination.	any investigations and that failure to do
Employee Signature	Date